

Standard Carolina Times

CHARLOTTE, N. C. SATURDAY MORNING, JUNE 12, 1899.

CAROLINA TIMES.
Daily and Tri-Weekly.

R. F. WARRING & CO.
Office in Springs Building, Trade Street.
Rates of Subscription:
DAILY: One month, \$1.00; three months, \$2.50; six months, \$4.50; one year, \$8.00.
WEEKLY: One month, \$0.50; three months, \$1.25; six months, \$2.25; one year, \$4.00.
Single Copies, 10 Cents.

The Weekly News
Containing twenty-eight columns of reading matter, issued every Tuesday morning, will be supplied to subscribers at \$2.50 per annum, strictly in advance. Clubs of five will be furnished with one extra copy. Advertisements will be charged at these rates up to the 15th of the month. After that date, a special contract for the country. Contracts for advertisements of all kinds made on liberal terms.

POETRY

THE LITTLE BOY THAT DIED.

The late Dr. Chalmers is said to have been the author of these beautiful lines, written on the occasion of the death of a young son whom he greatly loved:

I am all alone in my chamber now,
And midnight hour is near;
And the faint crack, and the clock's dull tick,
And the only sound I hear,
And over my soul, in the silence,
Sweet thoughts of him glide.

For my heart and my eyes are full when I think
Of the little boy that died.

I went one night to my father's house,
Went home to the dear ones all,
And softly opened the garden gate,
And softly the door of the hall.

My mother came out to meet her son,
She kissed him and then she said,
And the little boy that died,
And the little boy that died.

I shall miss him when the flowers come
In the garden where he played;
I shall miss him when the birds sing
In the garden where he staid.

And the horse he used to ride,
And the little boy that died,
And the little boy that died,
And the little boy that died.

We shall go home to our father's house,
Where the hope of souls shall have no blight,
Our love no broken ties;
We shall roam on the banks of the river of Peace.

And bathed in its peaceful tide,
And one of the joys of life shall be,
The little boy that died.

A Vineyard on every Farm.

Some day in the future the art and practice of wine making will be as familiar and universal as the manufacture of cider is now. And the juice of the grape, properly prepared, is greatly superior to that of the apple in health and strength giving elements. It is an easy matter for the majority of farmers to provide ample supplies of wine for their household use, at a comparatively trifling cost. A half acre in each hundred of cultivated land set with vines of hardy varieties would be sufficient, if well cared for, to furnish both fruit and wine for the number of people occupying, on the average, that area. Doubtless there are limited regions in our country where grapes would not succeed; but the area is vast where they would thrive to a sufficient degree to make the growing of them for family use satisfactory; although it might be far from profitable to raise them for market. In any neighborhood or locality where a solitary vine does well, it is certain that enough others will thrive to supply the wants of the population. By such a general planting only can we hope to see the rural population of our land supplied with fruit and wine; for the products of the favored grape regions, where the culture is carried on extensively, will be mostly absorbed by cities. Let every farmer have his vineyard as well as his orchard, not planted with a view to selling its products, but to consuming them in his own family. It is pretty safe to assert that where apple trees flourish, some variety of grapes will do tolerable well alongside of them. The manufacture of wine for household use should be conducted almost precisely like that of cider. Have the fruit ripe and clean; wash it and press out the juice with care, let it ferment a few days, like good cider, then rack it, and cleanse the casks and refill them; bug tight and rack again early in the Spring, and the third time on the approach of hot weather, have sound, sweet casks, keep them full, and store in a clean, cool cellar, and your beverage will excel in grateful

flavor and healthful, exhilarating effects, when the hard labor and hot sun of Summer tempt its trial. It is as easy and simple to make good wine as good cider. The yield of wine will probably average four hundred gallons per acre from well cultivated vineyards of strong, hardy varieties, like the Concord, Ives and Clinton—Kuhl's New Yorkers and

GREAT REDUCTION IN THE PRICE OF NEW AND DESIRABLE GOODS.

H. & B. EMANUEL, TRADE STREET.

Will offer from day extraordinary inducements to select from their large and splendid stock of DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, CLOTHING, GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, TRUNKS, &c.

POPLINS, MOZAMBIQUES, LENOS, ORNADINES, CHAMBRAYS, MUSLIN AND ALPACCA, which we will sell at the lowest prices to close the season.

Special attention is called to our large stock of HATS, BOOTS AND SHOES, CASSIMERES AND JEANS, MEN'S AND BOY'S WEAR, BLEACHED AND BROWN SHIRTINGS AND SHEETINGS.

We are determined to maintain our reputation for the best goods and lowest prices.

H. & B. EMANUEL, Trade Street.

June 7

GRANGER'S HOTEL, FORMERLY EMANUEL'S, 100 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

GRANGER & CO., Proprietors.

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CITY ORDINANCE.

Attention is called to the following City Ordinance, which will be in force from June 1st, 1899, in order that the health of the City may be preserved.

Section 1. That any person or persons who shall deposit any of the contents of any animal, or the contents of any of his or their cages, or any other contents, in any of the streets, sidewalks, or water in the public, or remain in the said streets, sidewalks or gutters, longer than forty-eight hours, shall forfeit and pay for each and every offense the sum of Two Dollars, and One Dollar for every day that said obstructions remain.

Section 2. That any person or persons who shall deposit the contents of any animal in any street, sidewalk, or gutter, shall forfeit and pay for each and every offense the sum of Five Dollars, and One Dollar for every day that said obstructions remain.

Section 3. That any person or persons who shall deposit the contents of any animal in any street, sidewalk, or gutter, shall forfeit and pay for each and every offense the sum of Five Dollars, and One Dollar for every day that said obstructions remain.

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NEW SPRING GOODS!

J. ROESSLER, AGENT.

AT KASHMIRE'S OLD STAND.

SECOND DOOR FROM BREW.

BROWN & CO.

Has just received a large and general assortment of

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, TRUNKS, &c.

At wholesale and retail prices.

His stock of Dry Goods for Spring and Summer wear will be found to be

ONE OF THE BEST.

EVER BROUGHT TO THIS MARKET.

At wholesale and retail prices.

CHARLOTTE.

Saturday, June 12, 1869.

Meeting of the Bar.

We have read with astonishment the "Rule" of the Supreme Court in regard to those members of the bar, who signed the protest. We regarded the paper as mild and temperate, and as intended to protect the Court from falling into contempt, and clearly without a purpose to degrade the bench. But the fact has gone forth and a large number of this dignified profession has been silenced. This is the longest step towards tyranny that Radicalism has yet taken, and we suggest a general meeting of the bar of the State for consultation.

Every Conservative lawyer who has not already done so, should sign this famous "Protest," and thus make common cause with their brethren. Let a call go forth from the Hon. B. F. Moore, Bragg, Hayward and others, and let every conservative lawyer in the State rally. It will be one of the most imposing bodies ever assembled in any State, and the result of their deliberations will be approved by ninety-nine-one hundredths of the respectable people of the State, regardless of party.

One Hundred Years Ago.

One hundred and ten years ago, there was not a single white man in Ohio, Kentucky, Indiana and Illinois. Then, what is now the most flourishing part of America was as little known as the country around the mountains of the moon. It was not until 1767 that Boone left his home in North Carolina to become the first settler of Kentucky. The first pioneers of Ohio did not settle until twenty years after this time. A hundred years ago, Canada belonged to France, and the whole population did not exceed a million and a half of people. A hundred years ago, the great Frederick of Prussia was performing those great exploits which have made him immortal in military annals, and with his little monarchy was sustaining a single handed contest with Russia, Austria and France, the three great powers of Europe combined. A hundred years ago, Napoleon was not born and Washington was a modest Virginia boy. The two worlds which these great but dissimilar men took leading parts, were then scarcely foreshadowed. A hundred years ago, the United States were the most loyal part of the British empire, and on the political horizon no speck indicated the struggle, which, within a score of years, thereafter, established the great republic of the world. A hundred years ago, there were but four newspapers in America. Steam engines had not been imagined, and railroads and telegraphs had not entered into the remotest conception of man. When we come to look back at it through the vista of history, we find that to the century passed has been allotted more important events, in their bearing upon the happiness of the world, than almost any other which has elapsed since the creation.

Southern Vegetables in New York.—A prominent Shipping House in this City has placed in our hands, says the *Christianian Courier*, a business letter from a produce dealer in New York, bearing date 4th instant, from which we make the following extract for the information of our farmers:

"Potatoes a week ago were in quite active demand, and beyond a doubt, would have continued so but for the action of receivers by the last steamer, who made an attempt to get \$5.50 (an advance of 50 cents) for their lots. As a consequence very many refused to buy. Those who acted thus indirectly were afterwards glad to take \$5 and under. A large portion of their lots still remain on the market, making the trade very dull. If any large lot arrives to-morrow, with the feeling now existing, it is extremely doubtful whether \$5 will be obtained. We sold Beans per last steamer at \$2.50 to \$3. Extra refugees would probably have brought more. We are quite surprised to notice the large quantity of common flat beans coming from your section. We supposed that after the experience of last season, farmers would have planted none of that kind of stock. It seems extremely difficult to make them understand what is to their interest."

We would add that since the date of the above letter nearly 5,000 barrels of potatoes have been shipped to New York from Charleston alone.

Shipment of New Flour.—There has been shipped during the past week from Savannah, Ga., to New York, about twenty-six barrels new Southern flour, the first this season.

STATE NEWS.

Crops in Onslow on the "rampage."—Corn very forward—oats—knee-high. The newly-appointed Sheriff of Jones county, Mr. John Moore, has given the required bond and entered upon the duties of his office.—*N. Times*.

Messrs. Ball, of Greensboro, and D. R. Goodloe, of Warrenton, were appointed U. S. Commissioners for the District of North Carolina.—*Standard*.

The Neuse River, a few miles above this city, now abounds in small fish, in size and appearance, the same as the sardine. We have lately seen some that were canned about two years since by a friend, and they seem to be in every respect equal to those imported from France.—*Newbern Times*.

The militia, under Brier, who passed through the city Sunday, en route for Jones county, is quartered at the residence of the late Sheriff Golgrove. They are enjoying the most masterly inactivity.—*Jour. of Com.*

SUPREME COURT.—The Court met to-day at the usual hour. Present: Pearson, C. J., and Reade, J. The other members of the bench, Messrs. Rodman, Settle and Dick, having gone to Chapel Hill, to attend the Commencement. The Court adjourned without transacting any business. *Sentinel*.

ESCAPED.—Yesterday while a squad of soldiers were taking some prisoners from Fort Macon to Raleigh, and when near Dover on the Atlantic & N. C. Railroad, one of the prisoners jumped from the cars while the train was in motion, going twenty five miles per hour. The bushes were quite thick by the roadside, else the man would have been killed in coming to the ground. The train was immediately stopped, but it was impossible to find the prisoner.—*Newbern Times*.

A LARGE DIAMOND.—The Rock Island (Me.) *Argus* tells the following story: A few days ago a gentleman came up the river on the steamer New Boston, who privately exhibited to the officers of that packet a diamond in the rough, which, in its unpolished state, is supposed to be worth somewhere in the neighborhood of \$800,000. It is about the size of a walnut, is perfectly transparent, and has the power of magnifying to the same extent as a first quality glass. The lucky possessor found it at his home in the gold mining districts of Nova Scotia, and also stated that he had found one or two small ones, one of which he sold for \$12,000 in its rough state. To convince the officers of the boat, he produced files of Nova Scotia papers containing accounts of the location of the finder, and other evidence too indisputable to be questioned. He also showed letters from prominent New York jewellers, who had examined the prize, one of which was from Ball, Black & Co. He is going to lower to see about some landed investments, with a view of some day locating there. He proposes to have the diamond polished, and sell it to some crowned head, if possible.

A JOKE ON A HOTEL KEEPER.—One of our Portland hotel keepers was not long since victimized in the following manner: A. B. went to him and engaged board by the week at \$10 per week. "Now," said A. B., "I may be absent occasionally; what deduction will you make for that?" "Fifty cents a meal and fifty cents a lodging," replied the landlord. Time wore on, and A. B. was sometimes there and sometimes not. After a while the landlord presented his bill for three weeks' board—\$30. In a short time A. B. appeared with a counter bill of deductions for meals and lodgings missed: Meals eaten, three, \$1.50; lodgings, seven, \$3.50; meals missed, six, \$3.00; lodgings missed, fourteen, \$7.00; balance in favor of A. B., \$2. Landlord, of course, was a little astonished at the result of the reckoning, and therefore said not a word, for the best of reasons, that he couldn't think of anything that would do justice to the subject. Whereupon A. B., to relieve the landlord's perplexity, remarked with cool urbanity, "well, never mind the \$2; I'll take it out in board." Landlord couldn't see how to keep even with such a boarder, and as the connection between him and A. B. as landlord and boarder came to an end.—*Portland Oregonian*.

In the course of the decoration ceremonies at the soldiers' graves in Erie, Pa., last Sunday, while surrounding the spot upon which the flowers to the unknown were dedicated, a young robin flew into the circle, perched itself on the bouquet of one of the soldiers, and sat there, apparently without fear, until lifted off and placed in a small tree near by.

Mayor Knight, of Dubuque, Iowa, who has recently returned from a tour in the Northwest, says the rush of emigrants West this spring is beyond all precedent. In every direction, as far as the eye can reach, the prairie is literally dotted with canvas-covered wagons, and many families are living in tents.

A gentleman who has been struck by a young lady's beauty, has determined to follow the injunction and kiss the red that smote him.

LATEST NEWS.

From Washington.

Washington, June 9.—Revenue to-day has a million. Boutwell realized \$2,778,000.

Mr. Peabody has arrived. President Grant departed for West Point to-day.

Secretary Boutwell departs in the morning. Wm. A. Richardson acts during Boutwell's absence.

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue has decided that persons engaged in the business of preparing pork and lard for sale, who slaughter hogs, cut and pack pork, and render lard, packing the same in barrels, kegs and otherwise, are clearly embraced within the definition of a manufacturer and are required to pay a tax on their sales annually in excess of five thousand dollars.

Attorney General Hoar decides that no cable can be landed, connecting the United States with any foreign country without the special consent of Congress.

The house of the Conservatives whom the police rescued from the mob was gutted and the furniture smashed. The family was absent. Several small outrages and robberies have occurred.

The President received the new Peruvian minister to-day. There was nothing significant in the speeches.

The *Herald* says: "The Attorney General is said to have hesitated a long time before he furnished his recent opinion sustaining a Texas 'court martial' in the trial of a citizen for the murder of a freedman, and that his actual view of the law at first suggested an entirely opposite decision." But that General Butler said he would offer a resolution on the subject in the next session if he (Hoar) did not make an example of some of these fellows" and under this pressure, the recent opinion was made.

Information from a reliable source in Havana has been received here, asserting that the Cubans are engaged in an active offensive movement, and were never in better spirits or more sanguine of success. Telegrams from Havana deny the report that any number of Cubans, or any officer of Cuban troops has surrendered to Valmaseda.

The excitement in Cuban circles in New York Sunday night, originated by a report telegraphed by the Spaniards that Cespedes had surrendered. Subsequent dispatches from Cuban sources prove the report entirely unfounded.

WASHINGTON, June 10, M.—It is almost certain that Boutwell will persevere in selling two millions gold and buying one million bonds. It is certain there will be no change during Boutwell's absence.

The statement that a number of men from the Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad Company twelve millions dollars to build the road it is reliably stated, is not founded on fact. Negotiations are going on and it is probable that a visit will be made over the Road before any proposition is entertained.

The train carrying President Grant northward was thrown from the track at Annapolis junction, by running over a cow. Two cars were smashed, and several persons were injured, including Mr. Wield, of Atlanta, Ga., whose face was badly smashed. The Presidential party was uninjured.

From Georgia.

AUGUSTA, June 9.—A letter from Sandersville, Washington county, to the *Chronicle* states that Col. Ren Flournoy, Democratic representative in the Legislature was murdered in his own field yesterday, by a negro man in his employ. The negro has been committed to jail.

France.

PARIS, June 9.—Official returns to this department show 30 official, 28 opposition, and 1 unknown members of the Corps Legislatif. The general result is, 213 official, 42 independent and 35 Radical. Quite serious riots occurred at Nantes and Bordeaux yesterday.

Spain.

MADRID, June 9.—The Cortes debated the regency bill at great length and finally referred it to a Committee. Olazaga said at present the election of a king was impossible.

England.

LIVERPOOL, June 9.—Eight thousand emigrants for America left here last week.

Foreign Miscellany.

LONDON, June 10.—The Archbishop of Canterbury counsels the Bishops not to oppose the disestablishment bill. A banquet was given in London to the bearers of the Irish memorial against the bill. Many lay Peers and Clergymen of the established church were present. The French Minister of Foreign Affairs thanked the Prussian Minister for the friendly tone of the Prussian press, regarding the French elections.

A new decree has been issued authorizing the use of the Polish language in the administration of the internal service in Poland.

Lack of harmony in the Spanish ministry is manifest, and so early change is expected.

The French Corps Legislatif convened on the 24th. The election riots at Nantes were serious; the soldiers used their bayonets. There were tumultuous gatherings in Montmartre yesterday which were dispersed by the troops.

HAVANA, June 10, M.—Jordan's filibusters are near Trinidad. The Governor of Trinidad, refusing to resign, was killed by the volunteers. The Navarin Railroad is again out near the city. There is severe storming near Trinidad.

From Ohio.

CINCINNATI, June 10, M.—A fierce tornado passed over Cincinnati, Ohio, destroying bridges, and fences and unroofing houses.

Markets.

NEW YORK, June 10, M.—Stocks weak and excited; money active at 7. Sterling 91. Gold 89.

Flour quiet, unchanged; wheat a shade firmer; corn 1 cent better.

LIVERPOOL, June 10, M.—Cotton sales: Uplands 114. Orleans 12.—Futures 10,000.

On yesterday one of our wide-awake citizens found his name struck from the registration list, on the ground that he had given aid and comfort to the lost cause some ten or more years past. Nothing was sought to punish him by stratagem. Addressing the Radical wing, he said: "Look here," holding up tickets with blue backs, "you men don't know what I am doing; do you intend to deprive me of a vote?" Suddenly a change comes over their dreams, and the answer is, "Oh you are entitled to a vote; certainly you can vote." Nothing more needs to be added but that a square vote for the old Citizens' went in.—*Wash. Ex.* June 8.

Mr. James, the Buffalo bootmaker, who sent Grant those "inauguration boots," has not received any office, and has sent in the bill to his member of Congress.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Hours' Questions for the Sickly and Debilitated.

It is worth while to endure penal torture after every meal, when indigestion can be immediately relieved and permanently cured by so agreeable a remedy as HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS?

Does it pay to be compelled by debility and languor to abandon active business, when brain, nerve and muscle can be so speedily and the whole system restored to a healthy condition, by a course of HOSTETTER'S BITTERS?

Why approach the dinner table daily with a positive disgust for all that is savory and delicious, when a vigorous appetite for every the plainest fare is created by the use of HOSTETTER'S BITTERS?

If it were a dungeon, gloomy, discontented and miserable, when the worst case of hypochondria can be cured in a week by such a pleasant and wholesome exhilarant as HOSTETTER'S BITTERS?

Can it be possible that any person of bilious habit will run the risk of remittent fever or bilious colic, when he can tone and regulate the great secretive organ with HOSTETTER'S BITTERS?

Is it not a species of moral insanity for any merchant, farmer, mechanic, or traveler, to be without the best known antidote to the effects of poisoned air and impure water, HOSTETTER'S BITTERS?

Considering the harassing and depressing nature of the functional derangements to which woman is subject, is it not astonishing that any invalid of the feebler sex should hesitate to seek the certain relief afforded in such cases, by the genial operation of HOSTETTER'S BITTERS?

These are questions of deeper interest than any of the political dogmas of the day, and those whom they concern are invited to give them something more than a passing thought.



THE PAIN KILLER—Is both an Internal and External Remedy.

THE PAIN KILLER—Should be used at the first manifestations of Cold or Cough.

THE PAIN KILLER—Don't fail to keep it in the house ready for use.

THE PAIN KILLER—Is an almost certain cure for CHOLERA, and has, without doubt, been more successful in curing this terrible disease than any other known remedy, or even the most Eminent and Skillful Physicians. In India Africa and China, where this dreadful disease is ever more or less prevalent, the PAIN KILLER is considered by the natives, as well as by European residents in those climates a SURE REMEDY.

THE PAIN KILLER—Each bottle is wrapped with full directions for its use.

THE PAIN KILLER—Is sold by all Druggists and Dealers in Family Medicines.

Business men and capitalists would find it to their advantage to call at the office of Caldwell & Brenizer, and examine the Perpetual Insurance plan of the Liverpool & London & Globe Fire Insurance Company. Assets \$17,000,000. May 19 1m

BEN BUTLER BULLIES THE ATTORNEY GENERAL.—It is said that the recent opinion of Attorney General Hoar, in the case of the Mexican who killed a freeman and was tried by a court-martial, was suggested out of him by General Butler. Butler, it appears, was familiar with the case, and when he was here last week Hoar why he hesitated to decide upon it. Hoar replied that there were difficulties in the way; it was not quite clear that the military authorities had the right to take a case out of the hands of the civil Courts under any circumstances. The Attorney General went on to state his objections at considerable length, when Butler suddenly interrupted him by saying, "Well, if you do not give an opinion such as I think you should give in view of the facts I will offer a resolution on the subject the first day of the next session. This thing has stood long enough. Now we want to make an example of some of those fellows in Texas." Hoar promised to give the matter his immediate attention. The next day Butler called, when the Attorney General informed him that he had taken a new view of the subject, and found the law quite clear. He would, he said, prepare an opinion sustaining the action of the court-martial, which he did.—*Wash. Cor. of the N. Y. Herald*, June 8.

In Lancaster, Ohio, a boy went to the Mayor's office to ascertain the charge for cowhiding another boy with whom he had an "unpleasantness." The Mayor informed him the lowest charge would be seventy-five cents. He had but fifty cents, and is now working for the other twenty-five when he intends to wreak summary vengeance upon his enemy.

The hotel keepers of New York have triumphed over the striking waiters.

It takes two hundred men this year to make Fourth of July arrangements for San Francisco.

A cargo of oranges and lemons arrived at New York from Italy yesterday, all spoiled.

When a poor man steals he is called a thief. When a rich man steals more he is called a kleptomaniac. What a funny word!—*Star*.

The *Kreuzblatt* (Canada) says: "There are upwards of 550 American students at the German Universities, and in the boarding-schools, not less than 1000 pupils from America."

A merchant in Hamburg presented his commission, as returned for his faithful services, with a sum of 70000 mark banco.

Nine tenths of the buildings in the city of Philadelphia are insured on the Perpetual plan.

Before insuring elsewhere, business men and capitalists should call at the office of Caldwell & Brenizer and examine this plan. May 19 1m

DIED.
In Augusta, Ga., June 9th, HARVEY WILSON, infant son of James W. and Anna P. Moore. Aged six months.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

OSGOOD'S INDIA PAIN KILLER.

CHALOGOGUE,

AYER'S

FEVER AND AGUE CURE.

DR. SHALENSBERGER'S

FEVER AND AGUE

ANTIDOTE.

THOMPSON'S

FEVER AND AGUE POWDERS,

For sale by

KILGORE & CURETON,

Springs' Corner.

20 KEGS ALE AND

LAGER BEER

Just arrived to-day. Also a good

COOK STOVE, MATTRESS, DESK,

CHAIRS, &c.

M. L. WRISTON Co.

VALUABLE CITY LOTS

FOR SALE.

On Saturday, the 18th day of June inst., I will sell

the balance of the lots, improved and unimproved,

belonging to the estate of W. F. STANLEY, dec'd.

Sale to take place at the Court House at 11

o'clock. W. F. DAVIDSON,

Executor.

WILMINGTON, N. C., June 24, 1869.

A SPECIAL MEETING

OF THE STOCKHOLDERS OF

The Wilmington, Charlotte & Rutherford Railroad

NEW LOT OF STEROSCOPES,

Received this day, at TIDDY'S

ANOTHER STOCK OF STEROSCOPIC VIEWS.

Call and see them at TIDDY & CO.

NEW GOODS.

SECOND SPRING STOCK, 1869.

McMURRAY, DAVIS & CO.

ARE NOW RECEIVING A NEW STOCK OF

DRY GOODS & GROCERIES.

Their Stock of DRY GOODS consists, in part, of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

TRIMMINGS,

HATS,

RIBBONS,

LACES, &c.

GROCERIES AND FAMILY SUPPLIES

in large quantities and every variety.

May 29, 1869.

CHEAP PARASOLS!

CHEAP PARASOLS!

H. & E. EMANUEL'S,

Trade Street.

FRESH ARRIVAL AT.

E. M. HOLT & CO'S

CHARLESTON BRIS AND RICE

L. E. WILLIAMS.

NOTICE.

I forewarn all persons from trespassing on

my land, known as the Folk Place, 2 1/2 miles from

the city, either for fishing or hunting, or for any

other purpose. In all cases of trespassing, the law

will be rigidly enforced. PETER M. BROWN,

June 9

FOR HOUSE-KEEPERS.

We have a large stock of Table Linen, Damask,

Napkins, Towels, Alenford, Counterpane,

Mattress Quilt, Pillow case Linen, Linen Sheets,

Linen Caps, Linen and Cotton Diaper, Cotton

worsted Damask, window Curtains, Lace and

twine Knickerbocker Curtains, Brown and Black

Shirting and Sheetings &c. BREW, BROWN & CO.

GRASS SCYTHES.

Large lot at

OATES, WALTER BREN & CO.

New Hardware Store, Mansion House Corner.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

A meeting of the Stockholders of the Charlotte

& South Carolina Railroad Company is hereby

called, to be held at the City of Columbia, South

Carolina, on WEDNESDAY, the 14th day of July,

next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., to consider the question

of approving the consolidated report of the

Company with the Charlotte and South Carolina

Railroad Company, and the terms of such consoli-

dation. WM. JOHNSTON,

President.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

A Meeting of the Stockholders of the Columbia

& Augusta Railroad Company is hereby called,

to be held at Columbia, S. C., on WEDNESDAY,

the 14th day of July next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., to

consider the question of approving the consolidated

report of the Company with the Columbia and

Augusta Railroad Company, and the terms of such

consolidation. WM. JOHNSTON,

President.

CHROMOS,

LITHOGRAPHS, STEROSCOPES AND

VIEWS.

A large assortment just received, and for sale at

reasonable prices at WADE & GUNDEL,

City Book Store.

BLOODED STOCK!

Having completed arrangements with the best

Stock Growers in Kentucky, I have established an

Agency in Lexington, Ky., the heart of the

Blue Grass region, for the purpose of supplying the

wants of the Southern people in

STOCK

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

All persons needing anything in this line can

rely on having their orders promptly and faithfully

executed by applying to the undersigned.

Selections warranted in fitting orders in the fol-

lowing list:

HARRIS HORSES, (Double or Single)

Saddle Horses, (Of all gait.)

Trotting Horses, (Of all gait.)

Race Horses, (Of all gait.)

Mules,

Durham Cattle,

Alderney Cattle,

Oswald Sheep,

South

